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| **Voting Reform** | * Citizens were not actively involved in choosing ho would be eligible to run for office (Chosen by Party Bosses) * Voters could be “used” and “abused” and paid for their votes by **political machines** who would tell them how to vote and when Most famous of political machines was **Boss Tweed** from **Tammany Hall** | 1. Eugene V. Debs 2. Samuel Gompers 3. Terence Powderly | * Industrialists like Rockefeller and Carnegie formed trusts and monopolies, forcing making small companies out of business | 1. Small Business Owners 2. Muckrakers |
| **Direct Election of Senators** | * Long hours and poor working conditions * No workers rights * No workers compensation | * Rich and poor did not pay the same share of income in taxes | * Muckrakers exposed problems; petitions, rallies, lobbying to Congress | * Muckrakers exposed problems; petitions, rallies, lobbying to Congress |
| **Tax Payers (Taxes)** | 1. Various Progressive Reformers 2. Muckrakers | * Local bans, rallies, posters, advertising, political crusades, church groups, women’s groups encourage all to ban alcohol | 1. Muckrakers 2. Upton Sinclair 3. Consumers | * Muckrakers exposed problems; petitions, rallies, lobbying to Congress |
| **Temperance Movement** | * Muckrakers exposed problems; petitions, rallies, lobbying to Congress | * Senators were appointed by powerful politicians, not the people | Muckrakers exposed problems; petitions, rallies, lobbying to Congress | 1. Susan B. Anthony 2. President T Roosevelt 3. President Wilson (after WWI contributions) |
| **Women** | 1. Robert LaFollette 2. Muckrakers 3. Various Progressive reformers | * Muckrakers like Ida Tarbell expose conditions in places like Standard Oil * **Anthracite Coal Strike** where United Mine workers strike for higher payer, fewer hours * Labor Union leaders work to organize workers to protest | * Politicians were often corrupt * Political parties were often corrupt * At the municipal (city) level, politicians could be bought and sold and they used the **spoils system** to get their supporters jobs | * Muckrakers exposed problems; petitions, rallies, lobbying to Congress |
| **Government** | * Believed that alcohol caused abusive and corruptive behavior in society | * Workers tell all gross stories from the factories in which they work * Upton Sinclair writes *The Jungle* | * Little government regulation on production and quality of merchandise | * Passage of the **Australian Secret Ballot** * Passage of Primary Elections |
| **Small Businesses** | * 17th Amendment: Direct Election of Senators | * 18th Amendment: Prohibits the consumption, production or sale of alcohol * Volstead Act: allows police to enforce the 18th Amendment | * 19th Amendment: Women were granted suffrage at the national level | * Pendleton Civil Service Act: government employees must pass a test to be qualified * Social welfare programs develop * Higher standard of living for all people |
| **Workers/ Unions** | * 16th Amendment: Graduated Income Tax | * Pure Food and Drug Act * Meat Inspection Act * Newer, Bigger Stores | 1. Carrie A Nation 2. Women’s groups 3. Various Progressive Reformers | * Sherman Anti Trust Act * Clayton Anti Trust Act * Yellow Dog Contracts outlawed * Worker’s Compensation |
| **Consumers** | * Women were not granted the right to vote * Women had very little political freedoms and few freedoms in other aspects of life | * Robert LaFollette * Various Progressive Reformers | * Taxpayers * Various political reformers | * Unions influence encourages people to fight for rights in the labor movement * Labor Union membership declines after the Haymarket Riot |