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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Voting Reform** | * Citizens were not actively involved in choosing ho would be eligible to run for office (Chosen by Party Bosses)
* Voters could be “used” and “abused” and paid for their votes by **political machines** who would tell them how to vote and when Most famous of political machines was **Boss Tweed** from **Tammany Hall**
 | 1. Eugene V. Debs
2. Samuel Gompers
3. Terence Powderly
 | * Industrialists like Rockefeller and Carnegie formed trusts and monopolies, forcing making small companies out of business
 | 1. Small Business Owners
2. Muckrakers
 |
| **Direct Election of Senators** | * Long hours and poor working conditions
* No workers rights
* No workers compensation
 | * Rich and poor did not pay the same share of income in taxes
 | * Muckrakers exposed problems; petitions, rallies, lobbying to Congress
 | * Muckrakers exposed problems; petitions, rallies, lobbying to Congress
 |
| **Tax Payers (Taxes)** | 1. Various Progressive Reformers
2. Muckrakers
 | * Local bans, rallies, posters, advertising, political crusades, church groups, women’s groups encourage all to ban alcohol
 | 1. Muckrakers
2. Upton Sinclair
3. Consumers
 | * Muckrakers exposed problems; petitions, rallies, lobbying to Congress
 |
| **Temperance Movement** | * Muckrakers exposed problems; petitions, rallies, lobbying to Congress
 | * Senators were appointed by powerful politicians, not the people
 | Muckrakers exposed problems; petitions, rallies, lobbying to Congress | 1. Susan B. Anthony
2. President T Roosevelt
3. President Wilson (after WWI contributions)
 |
| **Women** | 1. Robert LaFollette
2. Muckrakers
3. Various Progressive reformers
 | * Muckrakers like Ida Tarbell expose conditions in places like Standard Oil
* **Anthracite Coal Strike** where United Mine workers strike for higher payer, fewer hours
* Labor Union leaders work to organize workers to protest
 | * Politicians were often corrupt
* Political parties were often corrupt
* At the municipal (city) level, politicians could be bought and sold and they used the **spoils system** to get their supporters jobs
 | * Muckrakers exposed problems; petitions, rallies, lobbying to Congress
 |
| **Government** | * Believed that alcohol caused abusive and corruptive behavior in society
 | * Workers tell all gross stories from the factories in which they work
* Upton Sinclair writes *The Jungle*
 | * Little government regulation on production and quality of merchandise
 | * Passage of the **Australian Secret Ballot**
* Passage of Primary Elections
 |
| **Small Businesses** | * 17th Amendment: Direct Election of Senators
 | * 18th Amendment: Prohibits the consumption, production or sale of alcohol
* Volstead Act: allows police to enforce the 18th Amendment
 | * 19th Amendment: Women were granted suffrage at the national level
 | * Pendleton Civil Service Act: government employees must pass a test to be qualified
* Social welfare programs develop
* Higher standard of living for all people
 |
| **Workers/ Unions** | * 16th Amendment: Graduated Income Tax
 | * Pure Food and Drug Act
* Meat Inspection Act
* Newer, Bigger Stores
 | 1. Carrie A Nation
2. Women’s groups
3. Various Progressive Reformers
 | * Sherman Anti Trust Act
* Clayton Anti Trust Act
* Yellow Dog Contracts outlawed
* Worker’s Compensation
 |
| **Consumers** | * Women were not granted the right to vote
* Women had very little political freedoms and few freedoms in other aspects of life
 | * Robert LaFollette
* Various Progressive Reformers
 | * Taxpayers
* Various political reformers
 | * Unions influence encourages people to fight for rights in the labor movement
* Labor Union membership declines after the Haymarket Riot
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